

## Stephen Hawking disparait à 76 ans : "C'est le mathématicien Dikran Tahta" qui m'a influencé





L'astrophysicien Stephen Hawking disparait à l'age de 76 ans : lire :http://www.nouvelhay.com/2018/03/avant-le-big-bang-rien-selon-le-physicien-step

**Dikran Tahta** was a descendant of an Armenian family of cotton merchants based in <u>Constantinople</u>. His father Kevork Tahtabrounian settled in <u>Manchester</u> with his wife in 1927, after the <u>First World War</u> and the <u>Armenian</u> <u>Genocide</u>, to run a branch of the business which took the name Manchester

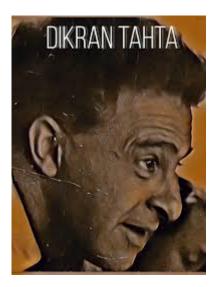
Textile Exporters. His father also shortened his surname to Tahta.<sup>[1]</sup>

Much of his childhood, and the influence of his Armenian religious upbringing, is reflected upon in his penultimate book *Ararat Associations*, in which he notes how his parents were keen for their children to have an English education, yet made sure that they spoke <u>Armenian</u> at home. He was christened by <u>Bishop Tourian</u> in the Armenian Church in Manchester, and his first name Dikran was shortened to Dick, but he never forgot his Armenian roots. In his childhood, he would visit

relatives in Constantinople every other year.<sup>[1]</sup>

Some of these are reflected on in his book *Ararat Associations*, in which he remembers "my father, who would be standing, like the other males, with open arms extended in their own way of praying. Kneeling was for women and children".

From <u>Rossall School</u>, in <u>Fleetwood</u>, <u>Lancashire</u>, he gained a scholarship to <u>Christ</u> <u>Church</u>, <u>Oxford</u>, in 1946. His main subject was Mathematics, but he also read widely in English literature, philosophy and history.



## Career

Between leaving university and just before national service, Tahta took time out to catalogue the library of the late Archbishop <u>Matheos Indjeian</u> (1877–1950), and read a number of his books for the first time.

Tahta did national service in the <u>RAF</u> from 1950 to 1952, then after a brief foray into <u>journalism</u>, returned to Rossall School in 1954, where he began teaching English and History, but gradually moved into mathematics teaching.

In 1955, he moved to teach mathematics at <u>St Albans School</u>, <u>Hertfordshire</u>, where the young <u>Stephen Hawking</u> was a pupil. When asked later to name a

teacher who had inspired him, Hawking named "Mr Tahta".<sup>[2]</sup> Tahta remained at St Albans for six years before taking up the post of lecturer in mathematics education at <u>St Luke's College</u>, <u>Exeter</u>, in 1961. By 1974, he was a Mathematics tutor at the <u>University of Exeter</u>'s School of Education at Thornlea, on the New North Road. In 1978, the School of Education merged with St Luke's College to form the University's Department of Education. He remained there until his retirement in late 1981.

In the 1970s he was involved in the ATV television programme of mathematics for schools entitled 'Leapfrogs' (produced and directed by Paul Martin) and promoted visual approaches to mathematics. His paper "On Geometry" argued that geometrical approaches to mathematics could not be reduced to algebraic approaches. In line with this thinking, he produced the ATM book *Geometric Images*, and co-authored *Images of Infinity* with Ray Hemmings. The Leapfrogs group of Tahta and Hemmings, together with David Sturgess, Leo Rogers and Derick Last also produced hands-on teaching materials including workbooks for the polycube. He also drew upon insights into pedagogy in the writings of Mary Boole on mathematics education.

After retirement, he went to teach in the United States and South Africa, and became a tutor for the <u>Open University</u>.

His last book was *The Fifteen Schoolgirls* about <u>Thomas Kirkman</u>, known for the <u>Kirkman's schoolgirl problem</u>, a problem in combinatorics, which also delved into the byways of Victorian amateur mathematics.

In his obituary, <u>The Guardian</u> newspaper described Tahta as "one of the outstanding mathematics teachers of his generation", who was notable for having

inspired physicist <u>Stephen Hawking</u>. *The Guardian* commented on his death that "He was a wise and generous man who inspired love and an increase of intellectual energy in everyone who came within his ambit."<sup>[2]</sup> Hawking later commented that "Thanks to Mr Tahta, I became a professor of mathematics at Cambridge, a position once held by Isaac Newton".<sup>[3]</sup>